

17604

16172

4 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions :**
- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
 - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
 - (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.
 - (8) Use limit state method for all design.
 - (9) Write the answer in sequential order.

Marks

1. (A) Attempt any THREE :

4 × 3 = 12

- (a) Draw the stress block diagram for singly reinforced section.
- (b) State any four functions of reinforcement in R.C. sections.
- (c) State two advantages and two disadvantages of prestressed concrete.
- (d) State various forms of shear reinforcement in beams.
- (e) State two ductile detailing provision in IS 13920.

(B) Solve any ONE :

6 × 1 = 06

- (a) A beam 230 mm × 450 mm effective size carries a factored B.M. of 150 kN.m. if concrete M20 and. Steel grade Fe 500 are used, find area of steel.
- (b) Find moment of resistance if steel provided is 6 bars of 12 mm diameter in a beam 300 mm × 500 mm effective. Concrete M20 and. Steel Fe 500 are used.

2. Solve any TWO :**8 × 2 = 16**

- (a) Design a one-way slab with following data span = 5.0 m, Live load = 4.5 kN/m², Floor finish = 1 kN/m². Concrete M 20 and steel Fe 415, M.F. = 1.4. sketch c/s of slab showing reinforcement details.
- (b) The effective dimensions of a slab panel are 4 m × 7 m. it carries super imposed loads of 4 kN /sqm. Design a suitable slab using. M20 and Fe 415 steel. Take M.F. = 1.25, $\alpha_x = 0.113$ and $\alpha_y = 0.037$. Find total depth D factored BM and reinforcement details using suitable bars. Sketch the c/s of slab along shorter span showing reinforcement details.
- (c) Design a cantilever chajja with following data :
Span = 1.50 m, width = 2.0 m, L.L. = 1.5 kN/m². Floor finish = 0.5 kN/m², support lintel = 230 × 300 mm concrete M 20, Fe 415 steel, sketch the c/s of chajja. Showing steel details.

3. Attempt any FOUR :**4 × 4 = 16**

- (a) Find the moment of resistance (M_r) of fec (T) beam with following data :
 $D_f = 120$ mm, $b_f = 1500$ mm, $b_w = 300$ mm, $d = 450$ mm, $A_{sf} = 2200$ mm², concrete M25, steel Fe 500.
- (b) State the conditions of formation of flanged beams & state effective flange width for T & L beam.
- (c) Define development length & state factors affecting development length.
- (d) Diameter of a steel bar is 20 mm, steel Fe 415 grade and design bond stress is 1.2 MPa for plain bars in tension, calculate the development length for bars in compression.
- (e) Design a rectangular column with following data :
factored load = 3500 kN, concrete M 20, steel Fe 415, Unsupported length = 4.0 m. Assume 1 % steel.

4. (A) Attempt any THREE : 4 × 3 = 12

- (a) State methods of prestressing and explain in brief any one.
- (b) Calculate load carrying capacity of column 300 mm in diameter reinforced with 4 – 16 mm ϕ and 6-12 mm ϕ bars use M 20 concrete and Fe 415 steel.
- (c) Define :
 - (i) Characteristic strength and
 - (ii) Characteristic load.
- (d) State four situations where doubly reinforced sections are preferred.

(B) Attempt any ONE : 6 × 1 = 06

- (a) A R.C. beam 230 × 450 mm effective is subjected to a working moment of 150 kN.m. calculate area of steel in tension and compression zone. Use M 20 concrete and Fe 415 steel.
(Assume $d' = 45$ mm, and for $d'/d = 0.1$, $f_{sc} = 353$ MPa)
- (b) Find the moment of resistance of a beam 230 mm × 450 mm deep reinforced with 4 – 16 mm diameter bars in tension zone and 2 – 12 mm diameter bars in compression zone. Assume effective cover of 40 mm. use M 20 concrete and Fe 415 steel.

5. Attempt any TWO : 8 × 2 = 16

- (a) A doubly reinforced beam section 230 mm × 450 mm effective carries a factored moment of 175 kN.m. Find the area of steel. required if M 20 concrete and Fe 500 are used. Assume $d' = 50$ mm and $\sigma_{sc} = 353$ N/mm².
- (b) A beam 250 mm × 415 mm effective depth is reinforced with 4 bars of 16 mm dia of grade Fe 415. The shear force of the support is 90 KN. Design the shear reinforcement. Use M 20 concrete and 6 mm dia vertical stirrups of fe 415 steel.

P.T.O.

% Pt.	0.5	0.75
Z_c in MPa	0.48	0.56

- (c) Design on R.C. column footing with following data.

Size of column = 400 mm × 400 mm.

Safe bearing capacity of soil = 200 kN/m².

Load on column = 1200 kN.

Concrete M₂₀ and steel Fe 415 is used.

Calculate depth of footing from B.M. Criteria.

No shear check is required.

6. Attempt any FOUR :

4 × 4 = 16

- (a) Differentiate under reinforced and over reinforced section with reference to area of steel, depth of NA moment of resistance.
- (b) Write IS specifications of minimum eccentricity and transverse reinforcement for an axially loaded column.
- (c) What is minimum and maximum percentage of tension steel that should be provided in flanged beams as per IS specifications.
- (d) Find limiting moment of resistance (M_u) of a T beam with following data, $b_f = 1500$ mm, $b_w = 230$ mm, $d = 730$ mm, $D_f = 120$ mm, $A_{sf} = 2200$ mm², concrete M 20 & Fe 415 steel.
- (e) Calculate the area of longitudinal, steel for short circular column of dia. 300 mm with eff. length 5.0 m to carry a factored load of 1000 kN. Use M 20 concrete & Fe 500 steel.
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